

**4-LOAD CELL PLATFORM SCALES** 

Platform scales Stainless steel platform scales Stainless steel platform scales, pit version Stainless steel ramp scales Palet and beam scales



ITKU-19-02-08-16-EN



# AUGUST 2016

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTENDED USE	5
2.	PRECAUTIONS	6
	2.1. Maintenance	6
	2.2. Accumulator / battery pack	6
	2.2.1. Power supply of weighing indicators in plastic casings	7
	2.2.2. Replacement of worn batteries	7
	2.3. Operation in a strong electrostatic field	8
3.	WARRANTY CONDITIONS	9
4.	MAIN DIMENSIONS	.10
	4.1. Low profiled scales	.10
	4.2. Ramp scales	.11
	4.3. Stainless steel scales	.11
	4.4. Stainless steel scales (pit version)	.12
	4.5. Mild steel scales	.12
	4.6. Pallet scales	.13
	4.7. Beam scales	.13
5.	ASSEMBLY AND LEVELLING	.14
	5.1. Assembly of scales	.14
	5.1.1. 4 load cell platform scales	.14
	5.1.2. Ramp scales	.14
	5.2. Levelling the scale	.15
6.	GETTING STARTED	.15
7.	KEYPAD	.16
8.	KEYS' FUNCTIONS	.16
9.	INSCRIPTIONS ON THE DISPLAY	.17
10	USER MENU	.18
	10.1. Submenus	18
	10.2 Browsing user menu	19
	10.2.1 Kevpad	.19
	10.2.2. Return to the weighing mode	19
11	WEIGHING	20
	11.1. Tarring	.21
	11.2 Inscribing tare value	22
	11.3 Zeroing	.23
	11.4. Weighings in two ranges	.23
	11.5 Selection of basic weight unit	23
	11.6 Temporarily selected unit	25
12	MAIN PARAMETERS	25
	12.1. Setting a filtering level	26
	12.2 Median filter	26
	12.3. Autozero function	27
	12.4 Tare function	28
13	RS 232 PARAMETERS	.30
	13.1. Printout type	30
	13.2 Minimal mass threshold	31
	13.3. Baud rate	.32
	13.4. Serial transmission parameters	.33
14	OTHER PARAMETERS	.34
	14.1. Backlight function	34
	14.1.1 Backlight for supplying from mains	34
	14.1.2. Backlight for supplying from batteries.	35
	14.2. "Beep" signal – after pressing a key	36
	14.3 Automatic switch-off	36
	14.4 Battery voltage level check	37
	14.4.1 Checking the batteries	37
	14.4.2 Battery discharge nictogram	38
	14.4.3 Accumulator charging ontion	38
	14.4.4 Formatting rechargeable battery packs	39

15.	WORK MODES	.40
	15.1. Setting accessibility of operation modes	.40
	15.2. Selecting quantity of operation modes	.41
	15.3. Counting pieces of the same mass	.42
	15.4. +/- control referring to the inscribed standard mass	.44
	15.5. Control of % deviation referring to the inscribed standard mass	.46
	15.5.1. Standard mass determined by its weighing	.46
	15.5.2. Mass of standard inscribed to scale memory	.47
	15.6. Automatic tare	.48
	15.7. Measurement max force on the pan – latch	.49
	15.8. Totalizing	.49
	15.8.1. Enabling the work mode	.50
	15.8.2. Totalizing procedure	.50
	15.8.3. Memory of the last value of sum of weighed goods	.51
	15.8.4. Return to weighing	.52
	15.9. Weighing animals	.53
	15.10. Tare memory	.54
	15.10.1. Entering the tare value to the scale memory	.54
	15.10.2. Selecting a tare value from the memory	.56
16.	USER CALIBRATION	.57
	16.1. Calibration	.57
	16.2. Start mass adjustment	.59
17.	COOPERATION WITH PRINTER	.60
18.	COOPERATION WITH COMPUTER	.61
19.	COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL	.62
	19.1. General information	.62
	19.2. A set of commands for RS interfaces	.62
	19.3. Respond message format	.63
	19.4. Command's description	.63
	19.4.1. Zeroing	.63
	19.4.2. Tarring	.64
	19.4.3. Get tare value	.64
	19.4.4. Set tare value	.64
	19.4.5. Send the stable result in basic unit	.65
	19.4.6. Send the result immediately in basic unit	.65
	19.4.7. Send the stable result in current unit	.66
	19.4.8. Send the result immediately in current unit	.66
	19.4.9. Switch on continuous transmission in basic unit	.67
	19.4.10. Switch off continuous transmission in basic unit	.67
	19.4.11. Switch on continuous transmission in current unit	.68
	19.4.12. Switch off continuous transmission in current unit	.68
	19.4.13. Lock the scale keyboard	.68
	19.4.14. Unlock the scale keyboard	.69
	19.4.15. Give serial number	.69
	19.4.16. Send all implemented commands	.69
	19.5. Manual printouts / automatic printouts	.69
	19.6. Continuous transmission	.70
	19.7. Configuring printouts	.71
20.	ERROR COMMANDS	.72
21.	TROUBLE SHOOTING	.72
22.	ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT	.73

# 1. INTENDED USE

Scales are designed for fast and precise measurements of weighed loads masses and direct commercial settlements. Tarring in full weighing range enables to determine net mass of weighed loads.

### Functions:

- backlight of display
- level of filtration
- autozero function
- setting baud rate of transmission
- continuous data transmission for RS 232
- automatic operation for RS 232
- designed printouts
- designation minimum mass for function operating
- counting pieces
- +/- mass control
- percentage deviation from standard mass
- latch of maximum scale indication
- automatic tare
- memory of tare
- Memory of 9 tare values
- inscribing tare value
- automatic scale switch-off
- user calibration
- Totalizing
- Weighing animals

User functions may have attribute of accessibility. For this reason it is possible to adjust scale to individual needs to provide access to only these functions which are currently needed. Attribute determination accessible / inaccessible is possible in user menu and described in further part of manual.

# 2. PRECAUTIONS

### 2.1. Maintenance

- A. Please, read carefully this user manual before and use the device according to its intended use.
- B. Devices that are to be withdrawn from usage should be sent back to the producer or in case of own utilization do it according to the law.

### 2.2. Accumulator / battery pack

The device connected to mains inteligently monitors the battery state and charges it if possible. After sudden lack of power supply from the mains the device automatically switches to accumulator without breaking operation.

- Scales aquipped with indicator PUE C/31 (plastic casing) are devices designed to be supplied from NiMH batteries (nickel-metal-hydrogen) with rated voltage of 1.2V, size R6 and capacities from 1800 to 2800mAh charged while connected to mains without stopping operation.
- Scales equipped with PUE C/31H and PUE C/31H/Z weighing indicators (stainless steal housing) are devices designed to be supplied from SLA accumulators (Sealed lead acid type) 6V o and capacity 3 to 4Ah charged while connected to mains without stopping operation.



In case of an elongated storage period in low temperatures, it is not allowed the full discharge of the accompanied batteries.



The equipment including accumulators does not belong to your regular household waste. The European legislation requires that electric and electronic equipment be collected and disposed separately from other communal waste with the aim of being recycled.

### Notice:

Some symbols on accumulators identify harmful elements/compounds: Pb = lead, Cd = cadmium, Hg = mercury.

## 2.2.1. Power supply of weighing indicators in plastic casings

Indicators in plastic casing are intended to be supplied from a power adapter or from NiMH rechargeable battery pack (standard equipment). New rechargeable batteries should be formatted according to the description in the chapter 14.4.4. of this manual.

Alternatively, you can use to power the device R6 size standard nonrechargible batteries. If you want to use normal batteries instead of rechargeable ones, proceed as follows:

- Before installing non-rechargeable batteries turn on the device and set **<5.5.CHr6>** to **<no>**, to switch off charging.
- Then install the batteries.



Installing batteries without changing <5.5.CHr6> to <no> may cause damage of batteries and the indicator.

### 2.2.2. Replacement of worn batteries

Users have the ability to replace worn out batteries to new ones in weighing indicators **PUE C/31** (plastic casing).

### Procedure:

• Open the lid of the chamber for batteries placed in the bottom of the indicator casing:



• Remove discharged and then insert new batteries into the chamber, according to given polarity (+/-):



• Close the lid of the chamber for batteries:





In PUE C/31H and PUE C/31H/Z weighing indicators (stainless steel housing) the worn out accumulator can be exchanged to a new one by the authorized service of the manufacturer.

## 2.3. Operation in a strong electrostatic field

If the device is about to operate in a strong electrostatic field (e.g. printing houses etc.) it should be connected to the earthing.

Connect it to the clamp terminal signed  $\pm$ .

# **3. WARRANTY CONDITIONS**

- A. RADWAG is obliged to repair or change those elements that appears to be faulty because of production and construction reason,
- B. Defining defects of unclear origin and outlining methods of elimination can be settled only in participation of a user and the manufacturer representatives,
- C. RADWAG does not take any responsibility connected with destructions or losses derives from non-authorized or inappropriate (not adequate to manuals) production or service procedures,
- D. Warranty does not cover:
  - Mechanical failures caused by inappropriate maintenance of the device or failures of thermal or chemical origin or caused by atmospheric discharge, overvoltage in mains or other random event,
  - Inappropriate cleaning.
- E. Loss of warranty appears after:
  - Access by an unauthorized service,
  - Intrusion into mechanical or electronic construction of unauthorized people,
  - Removing or destroying protection stickers.
- F. Warranty conditions outline the warranty period for rechargeable batteries attached to the device for 12 months.
- G. The detailed warranty conditions one can find in warranty certificate.
- H. Contact with the central authorized service: +48 48 384 88 00 ext. 106 or 107.

# **4. MAIN DIMENSIONS**

## 4.1. Low profiled scales



	65	Low profil	e scales of WPT/	4F series	8	65'
Scale type	Max capacity [kg]	pan AxB [mm]	C [mm]	E [mm]	FxG [mm]	N [mm]-ramp length
WPT/4F 60 C5	60	600×600	57* / 66**	40* / 36**	536x536	ok. 540
WPT/4F 60 C6	60	800×800	57* / 66**	40* / 36**	736x736	ok. 540
WPT/4F 60 C7	60	1000×1000	57* / 66**	40* / 36**	936x936	ok. 540
WPT/4F 150 C5	150	600×600	57* / 66**	40* / 36**	536x536	ok. 540
WPT/4F 150 C6	150	800×800	57* / 66**	40* / 36**	736x736	ok. 540
WPT/4F 150 C7	150	1000×1000	57* / 66**	40* / 36**	936x936	ok. 540
WPT/4F 150 C8	150	1200x1200	57* / 66**	40* / 36**	1136×1136	ok. 540
WPT/4F 300 C6	300	800×800	59* / 68**	40* / 36**	736x736	ok. 560
WPT/4F 300 C7	300	1000×1000	59* / 68**	40* / 36**	936x936	ok. 560
WPT/4F 300 C8	300	1200×1200	59* / 68**	40* / 36**	1136x1136	ok. 560
WPT/4F 600 C6	600	800×800	74* / 86**	50	715x715	ok. 695
WPT/4F 600 C7	600	1000×1000	74* / 86**	50	915x915	ok. 695
WPT/4F 600 C8	600	1200×1200	79* / 91**	50	1115×1115	ok. 754
WPT/4F 600 C9	1000	1500×1500	79* / 91**	50	1415x1415	ok. 754
WPT/4F 1000 C6	1000	800×800	74* / 86**	50	715x715	ok. 695
WPT/4F 1000 C7	1000	1000×1000	74* / 86**	50	915x915	ok. 695
WPT/4F 1000 C8	1000	1200×1200	79* / 91**	50	1115×1115	ok. 754
WPT/4F 1000 C9	1000	1500×1500	79* / 91**	50	1415x1415	ok. 754

\* - option with ramps \*\* - option without ramps

# 4.2. Ramp scales



Ramp scales of WPT/4N series								
Scale type	capacity	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [mm]	F [mm]	G [mm]
WPT/4N 400 H1	400kg	840	860	45,5	1040	ok. 1710	777,8	940
WPT/4N 400 H2	400kg	1100	1200	45,5	1300	ok. 2050	1117,8	1200
WPT/4N 800 H2	800kg	1100	1200	45,5	1300	ok. 2050	1117,8	1200
WPT/4N 800 H3	800kg	1200	1500	45,5	1400	ok. 2350	1417,8	1300
WPT/4N 1500 H2	1500kg	1100	1200	52,5	1300	ok. 2150	1117,8	1200
WPT/4N 1500 H3	1500kg	1200	1500	52,5	1400	ok. 2450	1417,8	1300
WPT/4N 1500 H4	1500kg	1500	1500	52,5	1700	ok. 2450	1417,8	1600

## 4.3. Stainless steel scales



Stainless scales of WPT/4H series					
Scale type	capacity	AxB	С	DxE	Weight
WPT/4 300 H6	300kg	800×800mm	88± 3mm	700x700mm	65kg
WPT/4 300 H7	300kg	1000×1000mm	88± 3mm	900x900mm	105kg
WPT/4 600 H6	600kg	800x800mm	88± 3mm	700x700mm	65kg
WPT/4 600 H7	600kg	1000×1000mm	88± 3mm	900×900mm	105kg
WPT/4 1500 H7	1500kg	1000×1000mm	88± 3mm	900x900mm	105kg
WPT/4 1500 H8	1500kg	1200×1200mm	88± 3mm	1100×1100mm	125kg
WPT/4 1500 H8/9	1500kg	1200×1500mm	88± 3mm	1100×1400mm	155kg
WPT/4 1500 H9	1500kg	1500×1500mm	88± 3mm	1400×1400mm	170kg
WPT/4 3000 H8	3000kg	1200×1200mm	111mm	1100×1100mm	180kg
WPT/4 3000 H9	3000kg	1500×1500mm	111mm	1400x1400mm	260kg
WPT/4 3000 H10	3000kg	1500×2000mm	111mm	1400×1900mm	330kg

### 4.4. Stainless steel scales (pit version)



### 4.5. Mild steel scales



Scale type	Capacity [kg]	AxB	С
WTC/4 600 C6	600	800 × 800 mm	100 mm
WTC/4 1500 C7	1500	1000 x 1000 mm	100 mm
WTC/4 1500 C8	1500	1200 x 1200 mm	100 mm
WTC/4 3000 C8	3000	1200 x 1200 mm	100 mm
WTC/4 1500 C8/9	1500	1200 x 1500 mm	100 mm
WTC/4 3000 C8/9	3000	1200 × 1500 mm	100 mm
WTC/4 1500 C9	1500	1500 x 1500 mm	100 mm
WTC/4 3000 C9	3000	1500 x 1500 mm	100 mm
WTC/4 3000 C10	3000	1500 x 2000 mm	122 mm
WTC/4 3000 C11	3000	2000 x 2000 mm	122 mm
WTC/4 6000 C11	6000	2000 x 2000 mm	146 mm
WTC/4 10000 C14	10000	2000 x 5000 mm	220 mm

## 4.6. Pallet scales



### 4.7. Beam scales



Beam scales					
Scale type	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	
WPT/4P2 600H WPT/4P2 600C*	120	1200	~85	~1118	
WPT/4P2 1000H WPT/4P2 1000C*	120	1200	~85	~1118	
WPT/4P2 2000H WPT/4P2 2000C*	120	1200	~85	~1118	
WPT/4P2 3000H WPT/4P2 3000C*	120	1200	~85	~1118	
WPT/4P2 4000H1 WPT/4P2 4000C1	120	2000	~155	~1880	
WPT/4P2 4000H2 WPT/4P2 4000C2	120	2500	~155	~2380	
WPT/4P2 6000H1 WPT/4P2 6000C1	120	2000	~155	~1880	
WPT/4P2 6000H2 WPT/4P2 6000C2	150	2500	~185	~2380	

\* - beams are terminated with rolles at one side

# 5. ASSEMBLY AND LEVELLING

### 5.1. Assembly of scales

### 5.1.1. 4 load cell platform scales

Before installing remove the transport protection.



Ć

Screw in levelling feet to mandrels placed in load cells

### 5.1.2. Ramp scales

Before setting the scale mount the steel camping ring (2) to the basis of feet (1) using expanding ring (3) and then screw in the basis of the foot (1) in the mandrel (4).



Put the scale on the flat ground. Put ramps on steel clampings. Take off ramps and mark (through the holes in clampings) places for drilling holes for anchors. After drilling mount clampings to the ground.



### 5.2. Levelling the scale

Level scale by means of turning levelling feet and external level indicator. Put the pads under the regulation legs and observe the level condition indicator. The instrument is levelled correctly if the air bubble do not move more than 2mm from the central position.



Each leg can be screwed in and out in order to level the scale. Correct levelling can be done by putting steel pads under the legs.

## 6. GETTING STARTED

After unpacking and mounting (chapter 5 of this manual):

- Turn the device on using the key keep pressing the key for about 0.5 sec,
- Wait for the test completion,
- Then you will see zero indication and pictograms:

- stable result
- kg weight unit
- If the indication is not zero press zero key.

# 7. KEYPAD



# 8. KEYS' FUNCTIONS



### Notice:

After pressing  $\bigcirc$  +  $\bigcirc$  keys' functions changes. The way of operation in this mode is described in details further in this manual.

# 9. INSCRIPTIONS ON THE DISPLAY

No	Text string	Description
1.	FIL	Filter level
2.	bAud	Transmission baud rate
3.	PCS	Piece counting
4.	HiLo	+/- control according to a standard mass
5.	rEPL	Automatic printout
6.	StAb	The condition of printing data
7.	Auto	Autozero correction
8.	t1	Power save – time to switch off while no operation
9.	toP	Latch of the max measurement
10.	Add	Totalizing
11.	AnLS	Weighing animals
12.	tArE	Memory of 9 tare values
13.	-0-	Indication in autozero zone (indication = exact zero)
14.		Stable result (ready to read)
15.	PCS	Operation mode – counting pieces
16.	kg (g)	Operation mode – weighing
17.	÷	Rechargeable battery pack or battery discharged (BAT-LO)
18.	Net	Tare function has been used.
19.	Min	+/- control with reference to the standard mass : setting the lower threshold or mass below the first threshold
20.	ОК	+/- control with reference to the standard mass: load mass between the thresholds
21.	Max	+/- control with reference to the standard mass: setting the upper threshold or mass over the second threshold

# **10. USER MENU**

### 10.1. Submenus

User's menu is divided into **6** basic submenus. Each group has its own characteristic name preceded by the letter **P** and a number.

P1 rEAd		
P 1.1	Fil	2
P 1.2	Auto	YES
P 1.3	tArA	no
P 1.4	Fnnd	no
P2 Prnt		
P2.1	Pr_n	StAb
P2.2	S_Lo	
P2.3	bAud	9600
P2.4	S_rS	8d1SnP
P3 Unit		
P3.1	StUn	kg
P4 Func		
P4.1	FFun	ALL
P4.2	Funi	l no
P4.3	PcS	no
P4.4	HiLo	no
P4.5	PrcA	no
P4.6	Prcb	no
P4.7	AtAr	no
P4.8	toP	no
P4.9	Add	no
P4.A	AnLS	no
P4.b	tArE	no
P5 othr		
P5.1	bL	Auto
P5.2	bLbt	70
P5.3	DEEP	YES
P5.4	t1	Auto
P5.5	CHr6	YES
P6 CAL	0	
P6.1	St_u	
P6.2	UCAL	FUNCTION *

## 10.2. Browsing user menu

Use scale's keys to move inside the menu.

# 10.2.1. Keypad



Entering main menu

Inscribing tare value Increasing a digit value by "1" moving down in the menu

Battery / accumulator state monitoring

Toggling between gross / net values





Selecting the parameter or changing the value of a selected parameter

Entering the selected submenu or activating a parameter for changes



Confirmation (enter)

Esc

Leaving without changes or reaching a higher level of the menu

# 10.2.2. Return to the weighing mode



The changes that have been introduced should be saved in order to keep them in the memory for good.

While leaving parameters press key until the text **<SAuE?>** appears on the display. Then press:

# **11. WEIGHING**

Put a load you want to weigh on the weighing pan. When the  $\searrow$  pictogram appears it means that the result is stable and ready to read. Special line scales should be loaded with intended loads:

• For ramp scales (hand trucks used in meat industry) the platform should be matched to the trucks with maximum weight and the wheels were close to the load-bearing sections:



• For pallet scales (load on euro-pallets put on by pallet trucks) the middle foot of the pallet should not be supported while on the weighing platform:



• For beam scales – load of stiff, self-supporting structure or in a stiff container:



- For four load cell platform scales (pit version) loads carried and weighed together with trucks:
  - Total weight of the truck and its load cannot exceed the maximum value of the scale range,
  - Trucks are allowed to drive through without braking and accelerating with the maximum speed 2km/h,
  - Platforms should be driven over only perpendicular to the edge of the platform, in order to uniformly load the scale,
  - Loads should be stand steadily and slowly,
  - It is not permitted to push or pull loads on or from or over the weighing platform.



### 11.1. Tarring

In order to determine the net mass put the packaging on the pan. After stabilising press - (Net pictogram will be displayed in the left upper corner and zero will be indicated).



After placing a load on the weight pan net mass will be shown. Tarring is possible within the whole range of the scale. After unloading the pan the display shows the tarred value with minus sign.



### Notice:

Tarring cannot be performer when a negative or zero value is being displayed. In such case **<Err3>** appears on the display and short audible signal will be emitted.

# 11.2. Inscribing tare value

You can also inscribe a tare value. While in weighings mode press:

- Press simultaneously and e,
- You will see :



- Using and set the tare value,
- Press ,
- Program returns to weighings mode. The inscribed tare value can be seen on the display with "–" sign,
- Tare can be inscribed anytime in weighings mode.

### Notice:

- 1. You cannot inscribe a new tare value when the tare value in memory is greater than zero. In the case of trying this the **<Err3>** message will be displayed and short audible signal will be emitted.
- 2. Users can also enter up to 9 tare values to the scale memory (see 15.10 of his manual).

## 11.3. Zeroing



The scale will display zero and following pictograms:  $*0^+$  and  $\searrow$ . Zeroing is only possible within the scope of  $\pm 2\%$  of full scale. While zeroing outside the scope of  $\pm 2\%$  you will see **<Err2>**. Zeroing is possible only in stable state.

### Notice:

Zeroing is possible only within the  $\pm 2\%$  interval of the maximal range. If zeroing is performed beyond this range the **<Err2>** message and short audible signal will be emitted.

### 11.4. Weighings in two ranges

Switching between the **I range** and the **II range** happens automatically (exceeding Max of the **I range**). Weighings in the second range is signalled by a pictogram in the top left corner of the display.

Then weighings is done with the accuracy of the **II range** to the moment of returning to zero (autozero range -0) where the scale switches back to the **I range**.

### 11.5. Selection of basic weight unit

This function is used to set weight unit the scale will start with.

### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P3.Unit>** and then:



press , until the expected unit appears on the display:



## **Options:**

- A. When the basic unit is [kg], users can toggle between: [kg, lb, N], for verified scales [lb] is not accessible,
- B. If the basic unit is [g], users can toggle between: [g, ct, lb], for verified scales [lb] is not accessible,
- After you select the unit press , the scale returns to:

• Return to weighing according to chapter - 10.2.2.

### Notice:

After turning on the scale always sets the basic unit.

## 11.6. Temporarily selected unit

This function is used to set weight unit the scale will use temporarily until the next power off or next selection.

## Procedure:

- Press and then:
- After you select the unit you want come back to weighing procedure.

## **Options:**

- A. When [kg] is a basic unit, users can select following units: [kg, lb, N], [lb] is not accessible for verified scales.
- B. When [g] is a basic unit, users can select following units: [g, ct, lb], [lb] is not accessible for verified scales.

# **12. MAIN PARAMETERS**

Users can adjust the scale to external ambient conditions (filtering level) or particular needs (autozero operation, tare memory). This parameters are placed in **<P1.rEAd>** submenu.

## 12.1. Setting a filtering level

### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P1.rEAd>** and then:



- 1 4 level of filtering
- By pressing select the filtering level you need

### Notice:

Filtering level influences the time of stabilization. The higher the filtering level is the longer stabilization time is needed.

### **Return to weighing:**

See - 10.2.2.

### 12.2. Median filter

This filter eliminates short changes (impulses) of measure signal (e.g. shocks).

### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P1.rEAd>** and then:



Fnndno- filter disabledFnndYES- filter enabled

Return to weighing: See - 10.2.2.

### 12.3. Autozero function

The autozero function has been implemented in order to assure precise indications. This function controls and corrects **"0**" indication. While the function is active it compares the results continuously with constant frequency. If two sequentional results differ less than the declared value of autozero range, so the scale will be automatically zeroed and the pictograms - and  $0^{-}$  will be displayed.

When AUTOZERO is disabled zero is not corrected automatically. However, in particular cases, this function can disrupt the measurement process e.g. slow pouring of liquid or powder on the weighing pan. In this case, it is advisable to disable the autozero function.

### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P1.rEAd>** and then:



Fnnd	no	- filter disabled
Fnnd	YES	- filter enabled

Return to weighing:

See - 10.2.2.

# 12.4. Tare function

This parameters enables users to configure a tare function.

### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P1.rEAd>** and then:



tArA	AtAr	-	<b>automatic tare function on</b> and is stored in balance memory after unplugging it from mains (Description of function operating point 15.6 automatic tare)
tArA	no	-	<b>automatic tare function off</b> (user can turn on operating of automatic tare F6 AtAr – till unplugging the balance from mains)
tArA	tArF	-	tare memory function – stores last value of tare in balance memory. It is automatically displayed after starting the balance. Value of tare is displayed with minus sign, and there is <b>Net</b> symbol indicated on the display. (user can turn on operating of automatic tare <b>F6 AtAr</b> – till unplugging the balance from mains)

See - 10.2.2.

# 13. RS 232 PARAMETERS

External devices connected to RS 232C have to be supplied from the same mains and common electric shock protection. It prevents from appearing a potential difference between zero leads of the two devices. This notice does not apply to the devices that do not use zero leads.

### Transmission parameters:

- Baud rate 2400 38400 bit / s
- Data bits 7,8
- Stop bits 1,2
- Parity control no, even, odd.

### There are four ways of sending data via RS232 interface:

- Manually after pressing
- Automatically after stabilizing the indication over LO threshold
- **Continuously** after it is activated in parameter or by a command sent via RS232
- On external request see "List of scale computer commands".

### The indication can be sent as:

- stable the indication is sent after the scale stabilizes.
- any the indication is sent immediately after pressing the key, this state is assign with <?> in the printout.

### 13.1. Printout type

This parameter is to select the type of printout.

### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P2.Prnt>** and then:



noStAb	<ul> <li>immediate printout</li> </ul>
	(not accessible in verified scales)
StAb	<ul> <li>sending stable results</li> </ul>
rEPL	<ul> <li>automatic operation</li> </ul>
CntA	- continuous transmission in basic unit
Cntb	- continuous transmission in present uni
	noStAb StAb rEPL CntA Cntb

see 10.2.2.

### 13.2. Minimal mass threshold

This function is necessary while working with **automatic tare** or **automatic operation or weighing animals**.

Automatic tarring will not be applied until the indication (gross) is lower than the value inscribed in **S\_Lo** parameter.

In automatic operation measurements (net) are sent via RS232 when the indication is equal or greater than the value inscribed in **S\_Lo** parameter.

Weighings animals is performer when the indication is equal or greater than the value inscribed in **S\_Lo** parameter.

### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P2.Prnt>** and then:

P2. Prnt 2.1. Pr\_n +0+ 2.2. S.Lo select a digit 000.000 -select a digit value -0-000.200 ς

see 10.2.2.

### 13.3. Baud rate

#### **Procedure:**

• Enter the submenu **<P2.Prnt>** and then:



see 10.2.2.

#### 13.4. Serial transmission parameters

#### **Procedure:**

• Enter the submenu **<P2.Prnt>** and then:



7d2SnP - 7 data bits; 2 stop bits, no parity control
7d1SEP - 7 data bits; 1 stop bit, EVEN parity control
7d1SoP - 7 data bits; 1 stop bit, ODD parity control
8d1SnP - 8 data bits; 1 stop bit, no parity control
8d2SnP - 8 data bits; 2 stop bits, no parity control
8d1SEP - 8 data bits; 1 stop bit, EVEN parity control
8d1SeP - 8 data bits; 1 stop bit, EVEN parity control
8d1SeP - 8 data bits; 1 stop bit, EVEN parity control

Return to weighing:

See 10.2.2.

# 14. OTHER PARAMETERS

The user can set parameters which influence the scale operation. They are gathered in the submenu **<P5.Othr>** e.g. backlight and beep signal. Enter this submenu **<P5.Othr>** according to chapter 10.2.

## 14.1. Backlight function

Program recognises the way the scale is supplied (mains, battery) and automatically selects the way of operating on the backlight:

**bl** – for mains,

**blbt** – for batteries or rechargeable battery pack.

### 14.1.1. Backlight for supplying from mains

### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P5.othr>** and then:



bL	no	-	backlight switched off
----	----	---	------------------------

- **bL YES** backlight switched on
- **bL** Auto backlight switched off automatically if indication becomes stable for about 10s

See 10.2.2.

#### Notice:

When bl=Auto, and the indication has not changed for 10s, the backlight is automatically switched off. The backlight is switched on again automatically after the result changes.

### 14.1.2. Backlight for supplying from batteries

The user can change the intensity of backlight from 0% to 100%. The lower the intensity is the longer the scale operates without recharging or exchanging batteries. When the intensity is set this function works as AUTO (described above).

### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P5.othr>** and then:



### Return to weighing:

See 10.2.2.

#### Notice:

The more intense the backlight is the shorter the scale operates on batteries.

# 14.2. "Beep" signal – after pressing a key

## Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P5.othr>** and then:



bEEP YES - switched on

### Return to weighing:

See 10.2.2.

## 14.3. Automatic switch-off

This function is essential to save the battery power. The scale is switched off automatically when (function t1 = YES) no weighing appears in 5 minutes. (no changes on the display). In case when this function disrupts the operation (e.g. long time weighing procedures) or while working with connection to mains, switch off this function.

### Operation according to the power supply:

Cotting	Operation		
Setting	Mains	Batteries/accumulator	
t1 = 0	disabled	disabled	
t1 = YES	enabled	enabled	
t1 = Auto *	disabled	enabled	
\* automatic enabling/disabling according to the source of power.

### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P5.othr>** and then:



### **Returnto weighing:**

See 10.2.2.

### 14.4. Battery voltage level check

While supplying from batteries too low level of voltage is measured by software the pictogram is displayed. It means that charging or exchanging batteries is required.

### 14.4.1. Checking the batteries

This function is to check the level of battery supply. It works only if:

- Weighing mode is set,
- Battery supply is set in parameters.

### Procedure:



After displaying the level of batteries (in per cents) the program returns to weighing.

### 14.4.2. Battery discharge pictogram

The symbol (bat low) switches on when the voltage level drops to 18% of the accepted level of voltage. It means that charging or exchanging batteries is required.

#### Low level of batteries:

- Pictogram . on the display,
- After one time the device will automatically switch off to protect the batteries from distructable discharging,
- Charging is signalled by (blinking period about 2 seconds) on the display.

#### 14.4.3. Accumulator charging option

This function allows to switch on charging algorithm for a **NiMH** battery pack (for indicators in plastic casings) or a gel cell **SLA** accumulator (for indicators in metal housings):

- a) Parameter <CHr6> set to <no>:
  - Pictogram does not appear, charging disabled,
  - During software initializing, after turning on <bAtt>.
- b) Parameter <CHr6> set to <YES>:
  - Pictogram blinks slowly (period about 2 seconds), charging is enabled,

- Message <nlmh> appears on the display (for indicators in plastic casings) or <SLA> (for indicators in metal housings).
- In case of damaging accumulators or lack of it the pictogram
   blinks quickly (period about 0.5 sec).

#### Notice:

Indicators in plastic casings are equipped with the set of rechargeable batteries **NiMH R6 (AA)** and power adapter.

### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P5.othr>** and then:



# Return to weighing:

See 10.2.2.

### 14.4.4. Formatting rechargeable battery packs

Every plastic indicator is equipped with a brand new NiMH R6 (AA) battery pack and a power adapter. They need formatting after first powering up. It is crucial for batteries lifetime to undertake this process. Formatting consist in charging and total discharging (without meantime charging).

#### Procedure:

- 1. Supply the indicator from mains.
- 2. Charge batteries for 12 hours (time of charging 2200mAh batteries).
- 3. After 12 hours unplug from mains.
- 4. Use the device up to the moment of self powering down.
- 5. Repeat the process of charging starting from point 1.

#### Notice:

They reach their optima capacity after three cycles of full charging and discharging.

### 15. WORK MODES

### 15.1. Setting accessibility of operation modes

In this parameter group users can disable/enable accessibility of functions after pressing  $\bigotimes$  key.

#### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P4.Func>** and then:



no	<ul> <li>mode is disabled</li> </ul>
YES	<ul> <li>mode is enabled</li> </ul>

See 10.2.2.

#### 15.2. Selecting quantity of operation modes

This function enables user to set if ,after pressing key, all operating modes will be accessible (**ALL**) or only one from the list chosen and used by operator.

#### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P4.Func>** and then:



After choosing setting press key. The program will return to displaying name of submenu **<P4.1.FFun>**.

### Return to weighing:

See 10.2.2.

#### 15.3. Counting pieces of the same mass

Standard solution is equipped with option of counting small pieces of the same mass. It is possible to execute a tare function in this operating mode in order to tare a container value.

#### Notice:

- 1. Counting pieces does not work together with other scale functions,
- 2. The counting pieces function is not saved as a default start function so it is not remembered after restarting.

#### Procedure:

• Enter to **<PcS>** function:



- You will see a blinking value of sample quantity.
- Press key to start setting quantity of sample, you have a few options to chose from:



- If option <LASt> is choosen in the scale program displays estimated unit mass of the last piece (about 3 sekonds) and then goes to **Counting pieces** automatically setting the previously displayed value as valid for the procedure.
- If the **<FrEE>** option is selected you will see:



• You will see **<LoAd>** on the display and then:

 If weighing is performed in a container put the container on the pan first and then tare it. Then put the declared quantity of pieces on the pan and confirm it when stable (signalled by ):



• The program will automatically calculate the mass of a single piece and go on to the **Piece Counting** mode (**pcs**). You will see the following display:

#### Notice:

- If a user presses the key when load is not present on the pan, the message -Lo- will be indicated for a few seconds and the scale will automatically return to weighing.
- 2. In order to comply with the rules of appropriate counting pieces put as many pieces as possible during unit mass adjustment. Single piece mass should not be less than 5 divisions.
- 3. If a single piece mass is lower than a reading interval d the display will show the **<Err5>** message (see ch. 20. Error messages) and short audible signal will be emitted than the scale returns to weighing.

#### Return to weighing:

• Press the key twice.

#### 15.4. +/- control referring to the inscribed standard mass

#### Procedure:

• Enter to <HiLo> function:



• The program enters the window of setting the lower threshold of weighing (**Min**):



• The inscribed value confirm by pressing , the program will automatically go to the higher threshold of weighing (**Max**):



- The inscribed value confirm by pressing , the program will automatically go to the main window.
- During setting threshold values following cases take place:



#### Notice:

If a user erroneously enters a value of the lower threshold higher than the upper one, the scale will indicate an error message and will return to weighing.

• Press the key twice.

#### 15.5. Control of % deviation referring to the inscribed standard mass

Scale software enables control of deviation (in %) of weighed loads mass referring to the inscribed standard mass. Mass of standard can be determined by its weighing (**PrcA** function) or entered to the scale memory by an user (**PrcB** function).

#### 15.5.1. Standard mass determined by its weighing

#### Procedure:

• Enter to **<PrcA>** function:



• You will see **<LoAd>** on the display and then:



- place an load on the pan which mass will be accepted as standard
- press to confirm this operating mode
- after few seconds the indication 100,00% will be displayed
- From this moment display will not indicate mass of weighed load but deviation of load mass placed on the pan referring to the mass of standard (in %).



Press the key twice.

### 15.5.2. Mass of standard inscribed to scale memory

#### Procedure:

• Enter to **<PrcB>** function:



• The program goes to the weight display window:



- You will see the indication equal to 0,000%,
- From this moment display will not indicate the mass of weighed load but deviation of the load mass placed on the pan referring mass of standard (in %).

• Press the key twice.

#### 15.6. Automatic tare

This function is useful for fast net mass determination of weighed load in case when tare value of is different for each load. In case when the function is active the cycle of scales operating looks as follows:

- press zeroing key when the pan is empty,
- place the container for pieces,
- when indication is stable automatic tarring of the container mass will be performed (Net marker will appear in the upper part of the display),
- place a sample into the package,
- display will indicate net mass of sample,
- remove the sample together with the container,
- display will indicate tare mass with minus sign,
- place a container for the next sample. When indication is stable automatic tarring will take place (Net marker will appear in the upper part of the display),
- place next sample into the package.

#### Procedure:



#### Return to weighing:

• Press the key twice.

### 15.7. Measurement max force on the pan - latch

#### Procedure:

• Enter to **<toP>** function:



 Confirmation of choice of <toP> function is indication of the Max pictogram:

- Apply a force to the weighing pan,
- The display of scale will latch the maximum value of the force,
- Remove loads from the pan
- Before the next measurement press the key.

### Return to weighing:

• Press the 🔛 key twice.

#### 15.8. Totalizing

Scale software is equipped in a totalizing function of single weighings. The totalizing procedure can be documented on the printer connected to the indicator.

#### 15.8.1. Enabling the work mode

#### Procedure:

• Enter to <Add> function:



• A letter "P" in the left side of the display is a confirmation that <Add> function have been selected:

### 15.8.2. Totalizing procedure

- Enter <Add> function according to ch. 15.8.1,
- Put the first load on the pan. If the weighing procedure is performed in a container put the container on the pan first and tare it. Then put

the first load on the pan and confirm it by pressing  $\checkmark$  when stable (signalled by  $\checkmark$ ),

• You will see a sum of weighings on the display, the "▲" pictogram in the upper right corner will be displayed and the weighing result will be printed on the printer connected to the indicator.

- Take off the load from the pan, indication returns to **ZERO** and the letter "**P**" in the left part of the display appears,
- Put the next load on the pan,
- After stabilizing press , the sum of first and second weighing will appear on the display, the "▲" pictogram in the upper right corner will be displayed and the second weighing result will be printed on the printer connected to the indicator:

Press to complete the procedure (with the loaded or unloaded pan), a sum of all weighings will be printed:

(1) 1.912 kg (2) 1.912 kg TOTAL: 3.824 kg

- In case of pressing one more time with loaded pan, you will see the <unLoAd> message. Unload the pan, the scale will return to ZERO and the letter "P" in the left part of the display will appear. The scale is ready for the next procedure.
- In case of pressing one more time with loaded pan, you will see the letter "P" in the left part of the display will appear. The scale is ready for the next procedure.

#### 15.8.3. Memory of the last value of sum of weighed goods

After interrupting (e.g. switching off) the totalizing procedure, it is possible to restart the procedure without loosing data. In order to do it just enter the totalizing procedure:

- Enter <Add> function again according to the ch. 15.8.1 of the manual,
- You will see the last memorized sum of weighings on He display.

- In order to continue the procedure press , the indication returns to **ZERO** and the letter **"P**" appears in the left part of the display. The scale is ready for weighing.
- In order to terminate the previous totalizing procedure press key, , or . You will see the letter "**P**" in the left part of the display. The scale is ready for weighing.

### 15.8.4. Return to weighing

• Press key, you will see:

• Before leaving the **<Add>** function it is possible to print out subsequent weighings and the sum of weighings on the

connected printer (press vib to print, press vib to cancel).

• The following message will appear on the display:

- Press key to return to weighing,
- Press k to return to totalizing.

#### Notice:

In case of overflow of the range of the display in totalizing you will see <**5-FULL>** message in the display. In that case unload the pan and

press to complete the procedure with a printout of sum of all weighings or put a lower mass on the pan which does not cause the overflow error.

#### 15.9. Weighing animals

#### Procedure:

• Enter to <AnLS> function:



• The <tinnE> message appears on the display for 1s, and then the program goes to the window of setting the duration time (in seconds) of the animal weighing process:



- Confirm the selected value by pressing
- You will see the following window:

∴*R 0.000* №

- Load an animal to the platform,
- After exceeding the -LO- value (see 13.2), program starts the weighings process. The appearance of subsequent hyphens
   ----> showing the progress,
- After completing the process of weighings the result is latched on the display and additionally the **OK** pictogram is shown in the upper part of the display:

- After removing the animal from the platform program returns to the window:



#### 15.10. Tare memory

Users are allowed to Enter Up to 9 tare values to the memory.

#### 15.10.1. Entering the tare value to the scale memory

#### Procedure:

• Enter to **<tArE>** function:



The program goes to displaying the first value from the selection of tare values <tArE 0> (press to chose different values):



After selecting the right position press and you will see an editing field:



Enter the selected tare value to the scale memory F

• The program returns to the following window:

Return to weighing:

Press

#### 15.10.2. Selecting a tare value from the memory

- Enter <tArE> function according to the ch. 15.10.1 of the manual,
- The program goes to displaying the first value from the selection of tare values <tArE 0> (press to chose different values):

• To use an entered tare value press, you will see the tare value on the display preceded by the "-" sign and the **Net** pictogram:

#### Caution:

A tare value from the memory is not remembered after powering off and on the scale.

### 16. USER CALIBRATION

Only for non-verified scales

Confirmation of high accuracy of weighing requires periodical correcting of calibration factors in the scale memory – this is adjustment of the scale. Calibration should be performed when we start weighing or dynamic change of temperature occurs. Before starting calibration remove loads from the pan.

#### 16.1. Calibration

#### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P6.CAL>** and then:



• Following inscriptions will appear



• A new start mass is adjusted during this period of time. After that a mass of calibration weight is shown (e.g. 3 000kg). Put a weight of the displayed mass value on the pan and press
 The calibration process will start which is signalled by the message:

• After completion of the process of calibration the following screen will appear

• Take off the weight , then the following sequence of screens will appear





 Calibration process can be terminated anytime by pressing which is signalled by the following message on the display:



• Return to weighing with saving changes that have been made.

### Caution:

If the calibration process (span adjustment) lasts longer than 15 the **<Err8>** message will be displayed and short audible signal will be

emitted. Press  $\widecheck{\mathbf{Isc}}$  to perform calibration again with more stable ambient conditions!

#### 16.2. Start mass adjustment

If the scale does not require the full calibration process sit is possible to adjust only a new start mass.

#### Procedure:

• Enter the submenu **<P6.CAL>** and then:



• The display will show the following information



After the completion of the start mass adjustment the following screen will appear:



• Return to weighing performing the procedure of saving parameters.

#### Caution:

If the start mass adjustment lasts longer than 15 the <Err8> message

will be displayed and short audible signal will be emitted. Press  $\bowtie$  to perform calibration again with more stable ambient conditions!

## **17. COOPERATION WITH PRINTER**

Each time the key is pressed a current mass value together with mass units is sent to RS 232 interface.

Depending on setting of **STAB** parameter it can be printed out with temporary or stable value. Depending on setting of **REPL** parameter, printout will be automatic or manual.

#### Cable diagrams:



Scale – printer cable diagram for plastic casing

### **18. COOPERATION WITH COMPUTER**

Sending weighing results to the computer can be done:

- manually

- in continuous way

- automatically
- on the request from the computer
- after pressing 🔛 key,
- after function activating or sending an appropriate command,

0

- After stabilizing the indication
- After sending a control command

These scales can cooperate with **"EDYTOR WAG"** program. The indicator window comprises the most important information from the scale display. The program allows to configure easily, e.g. design printouts, edit parameters. A precise description is issued in the "Help" file that accompanies the program.

#### Cable diagrams:



Scale - computer cable diagram for plastic casing



Solder side view



## **19. COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL**

#### 19.1. General information

- A. A character protocol scale-terminal has been designed for communication between RADWAG scales and external devices via RS-232 interface.
- B. It consists of commands sent from an external device to the scale and a responses from a scale.
- C. Responses are sent every time after receiving a command (reaction for any command).
- D. Using commands allows users to receive some information about the state of scale and/or influence the operation e.g.:
  - Requesting weighing results,
  - Display control.

#### Commands **Description of commands** Ζ Zeroing т Tarring OT Get tare Set tare UT S Send the stable result in basic unit SI Send the result immediately in basic unit SU Send the stable result in current unit SUI Send the result immediately in current unit C1 Switch on continuous transmission in basic unit C0 Switch off continuous transmission in basic unit CU1 Switch on continuous transmission in current unit CU0 Switch off continuous transmission in current unit **K1** Lock the scale keyboard K0 Unlock the scale keyboard NB Give serial number PC Send all implemented commands

#### 19.2. A set of commands for RS interfaces

#### Notice:

- 1. Each command have to be terminated in CR LF;
- 2. The best Policy for communication is not sending another command until the former answer has been received.

#### 19.3. Respond message format

After sending a request message you can receive:

XX_A CR LF	command accepted and in progress								
XX_D CR LF	command completed (appears only after XX_A)								
XX_I CR LF	command comprehended but cannot be executed								
XX _ ^ CR LF	ommand comprehended but time overflow error appeared								
XX _ v CR LF	command comprehended but the indication below the								
XX _ OK CR LF	Command done								
ES_CR LF	Command not comprehended								
XX _ E CR LF	error while executing command – time limit for stable result exceeded (limit time is a descriptive parameter of the scale)								

XX - command name

substitutes spaces

#### 19.4. Command's description

#### 19.4.1. Zeroing

#### Syntax Z CR LF

Possible answers:

 Z\_A CR LF
 - command accepted and in progress

 Z\_D CR LF
 - command completed

 Z\_A CR LF
 - command accepted and in progress

 Z\_^ CR LF
 - command accepted and in progress

 Z\_A CR LF
 - command accepted and in progress

 Z\_A CR LF
 - command accepted and in progress

 Z\_A CR LF
 - command accepted and in progress

 Z\_E CR LF
 - time limit for stable result exceeded

 Z I CR LF
 - command comprehended but cannot be executed

#### 19.4.2. Tarring

#### Syntax: T CR LF

Possible answers:

T_A CR LF T_D CR LF	<ul> <li>command accepted and in progress</li> <li>command completed</li> </ul>
T_A CR LF T_v CR LF	<ul> <li>command accepted and in progress</li> <li>command comprehended but tare range overflow appeared</li> </ul>
T_A CR LF T_E CR LF	<ul> <li>command accepted and in progress</li> <li>time limit for stable result exceeded</li> </ul>
T_I CR LF	- command comprehended but cannot be executed

#### 19.4.3. Get tare value

Syntax: OT CR LF

Possible answers:

#### OT\_TARA CR LF - command executed

#### Frame format:

1	2	3	4	5-6	7-15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Т	0	space	stability	space	tare	space	unit		CR	LF	

Tare - 9 characters with decimal point justified to the rightUnit - 3 characters justified to the left

#### 19.4.4. Set tare value

Syntax: UT\_TARE CR LF, where TARE - tare value

Possible answers:

UT_OK CR LF	- command executed
UT_I CR LF	- command comprehended but cannot be executed
ES CR LF	- command not recognised (possible wrong tare format)

#### Notice:

This protocol uses the dot character as a decimal point for separating the decimal fraction part.

#### 19.4.5. Send the stable result in basic unit

#### Syntax: S CR LF

Possible answers:

S_A CR LF S_E CR LF	<ul> <li>command accepted and in progress</li> <li>time limit for stable result exceeded</li> </ul>
S_I CR LF	- command comprehended but cannot be executed
S_A CR LF MASS FRAME	<ul> <li>command accepted and in progress</li> <li>mass value in basic unit is returned</li> </ul>

#### Frame format:

1	2-3	4	5	6	7-15	16	17	18	19	20	21
S	space	stability	space	sign	mass	space	unit		CR	LF	

#### Example:

S CR LF – computer command S \_ A CR LF - command accepted and in progress S \_ \_ \_ - \_ - \_ \_ 8.5 \_ g \_ CR LF – command done, mass value in basic unit is returned.

#### 19.4.6. Send the result immediately in basic unit

#### Syntax: SI CR LF

Possible answers:

SI_I CR LF	- command comprehended but cannot be executed at the moment
------------	---

MASS FRAME - mass value in basic unit is returned

### Frame format:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7-15	16	17	18	19	20	21
S	Ι	space	stability	space	sign	mass	space	unit		CR	LF	

#### Example:

**SICRLF** – computer command

SI\_?\_\_\_\_18.5\_kg\_CRLF - command done, mass value in basic unit is returned immediately.

#### 19.4.7. Send the stable result in current unit

#### Syntax: SU CR LF

Possible answers:

SU_A CR LF SU_E CR LF	<ul> <li>command accepted and in progress</li> <li>timeout while waiting for stable results</li> </ul>
SU_I CR LF	- command comprehended but cannot be executed
SU_A CR LF MASS FRAME	<ul> <li>command accepted and in progress</li> <li>mass value in current unit is returned</li> </ul>

#### Frame format:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7-15	16	17	18	19	20	21
s	U	space	stability	space	sign	mass	space	unit		CR	LF	

#### Example:

**S U CR LF** – computer command

SU\_ACRLF - command accepted and in progress

SU\_\_\_-T72.135\_N\_\_CRLF - command done, mass value in current unit is returned.

#### 19.4.8. Send the result immediately in current unit

Syntax: SUI CR LF

Possible answers:

**SUI\_I CR LF** - command comprehended but cannot be executed **MASS FRAME** - mass value in current unit is returned immediately

#### Frame format:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7-15	16	17	18	19	20	21
S	U	Ι	stability	space	sign	mass	space	unit		CR	LF	

#### Example:

S U I CR LF – computer command S U I ? \_ - \_ \_ 5 8 . 2 3 7 \_ k g \_ CR LF - command executed and mass returned

#### 19.4.9. Switch on continuous transmission in basic unit

Syntax: C1 CR LF

Possible answers:

C1_I CR LF	- command comprehended but cannot be executed
C1_A CR LF	- command comprehended and in progress
MASS FRAME	<ul> <li>mass value in basic unit is returned</li> </ul>

#### Frame format:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7-15	16	17	18	19	20	21
s	I	space	stability	space	sign	mass	space		unit		CR	LF

#### 19.4.10. Switch off continuous transmission in basic unit

#### Syntax: C0 CR LF

Possible answers:

- C0\_I CR LF command comprehended but cannot be executed
- C0\_A CR LF command comprehended and executed

#### 19.4.11. Switch on continuous transmission in current unit

#### Syntax: CU1 CR LF

Possible answers:

CU1_I CR LF	- command comprehended but cannot be executed
CU1_A CR LF MASS FRAME	<ul> <li>command comprehended and in progress</li> <li>mass value in current unit is returned</li> </ul>

#### Frame format:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7-15	16	17	18	19	20	21
S	U	I	stability	space	sign	mass	space		unit		CR	LF

#### 19.4.12. Switch off continuous transmission in current unit

#### Syntax: CU0 CR LF

Possible answers:

- CU0\_I CR LF command comprehended but cannot be executed
- CU0\_A CR LF command comprehended and executed

#### 19.4.13. Lock the scale keyboard

Syntax: K1 CR LF

Possible answers:

- K1\_I CR LF command comprehended but cannot be executed
- K1\_OK CR LF command executed

#### Caution:

This command is not remembered after restart

#### 19.4.14. Unlock the scale keyboard

Syntax: K0 CR LF

Possible answers: **K0\_OK CR LF** – command in progress

#### 19.4.15. Give serial number

Syntax: NB CR LF

Possible answers:

NB_A_"Factory number" CR LF	- command comprehended, scale serial number is given in return
NB_I CR LF	- command comprehended but cannot be executed

"Factory number" – parameter specifying scales serial number, it is returned in between inverted comas.

#### Example:

NB CR LF – command from a computer NB\_A\_"123456" CR LF – scales serial number - 123456

#### 19.4.16. Send all implemented commands

Syntax: PC CR LF

Possible answers:

#### PC\_->\_Z,T,S,SI,SU,SUI,C1,C0,CU1,CU0,K1,K0,OT,UT,NB,PC

- command executed, the indicator have sent all the implemented commands.

#### 19.5. Manual printouts / automatic printouts

Users can general manual or automatic printouts from the scale.

 Manual printouts can be performed after loading the pan and stabilizing indication by pressing . • Automatic printouts can be performed only after loading the pan and stabilizing indication.

#### Notice:

If a scale is verified printouts of immediate values are blocked.

#### Format frame:

1	2	3	4 -12	13	14	15	16	17	18
stability	space	sign	mass	space		unit		CR	LF

Stability character	[space] if stable
-	[?] if not stable
	[^] if an indication over the range
	[v] if fan indication below the range
sign	[space] for positive values or
	<ul><li>[-] for negative values</li></ul>
mass	9 characters justified to the right
unit	3 characters justified to the left
command	3 characters justified to the left

#### Example 1:

\_\_\_\_\_1 8 3 2 . 0 \_ g \_ \_ CR LF – the printout generated from the scale after pressing ENTER/PRINT.

#### Example 2:

? \_ - \_ \_ \_ 2 . 2 3 7 \_ I b \_ CR LF - the printout generated from the scale after pressing ENTER/PRINT.

#### Example 3:

^ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ 0 . 0 0 0 \_ k g \_ CR LF - the printout generated from the scale after pressing ENTER/PRINT.

#### 19.6. Continuous transmission

The indicator can work in a continuous transmission mode. It can be switched on or off in parameters or using RS232 commands.

The frame format sent by the indicator in case of setting **<P2.Prnt>** to **CntA**:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7-15	16	17	18	19	20	21
s	I	space	stability	space	sign	mass	space		Unit		CR	LF

Stability character	[space] if stable [?] if not stable [^] if an indication over the range [v] if fan indication below the range
sign	[space] for positive values or
	[-] for negative values
mass	9 characters justified to the right
unit	3 characters justified to the left
command	3 characters justified to the left

The frame format sent by the indicator in case of setting **<P2.Prnt>** to **Cntb**:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7-15	16	17	18	19	20	21
S	U	Ι	stability	space	sign	mass	space		unit		CR	LF

### **19.7. Configuring printouts**

#### **General information**

If some information included are redundant or not sufficient and there is a necessity of changes one can design their own protocol format in **EDYTOR WAG** computer program. This piece of software is accessible in: http://www.radwag.com

### **20. ERROR COMMANDS**

Err2	-	Value beyond the zero range
Err3	-	Value beyond the tare range
Err4	-	Calibration mass or start mass beyond the acceptable range ( $\pm$ 1% for weight, $\pm$ 10 for start mass)
Err5	-	Mass of a single piece lower than the scale division
Err8	-	Exceeded the time for tarring, zeroing, start mass adjustment or span adjustment
Err9	-	Time for internal weight lifting/dropping down exceeded (refers to WLC/C/2 scales)
NULL	-	Zero value from the AD converter
FULL2	-	Measurement range overflow
LH	-	Start mass error, the mass on the weighing platform is beyond the acceptable range (-5% to +15% of start mass)
5-FULL	-	Display range overflow in totalizing

#### Notice:

- 1. Errors: Err2, Err3, Err4, Err5, Err8, Err9, null, that appear on the display are also signalled by a short beep sound (about 1 sec.);
- 2. Error **FULL2** that appears on the display is also signalled by a continuous sound until the cause of error disappears.

### **21. TROUBLE SHOOTING**

Problem	Cause	Solution				
Turning on does not	Discharged batteries.	Connect to mains or change batteries				
work	No batteries (not installed or improperly installed)	Check the correctness of installation (polarization)				
The scale turns off automatically	"t1" set to "YES" (Power save)	In "othr" submenu change "5.4 t1" to "no"				
After turning on "LH" message on the display	Loaded weight pan during powering up	Unload the pan. Then the scale will indicator zero.				
## 22. ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT

- Computer cable for PUE C/31 P0108,
- Computer cable for PUE C/31H, PUE C/31H/Z P0259,
- EPSON printer cable for PUE C/31 P0151,
- EPSON printer cable for PUE C/31H, PUE C/31H/Z P0261,
- Power cord for car lighter 12V DC for PUE C/31 K0047,
- Power cord for car lighter 12V DC for PUE C/31H/Z K0042,
- Thermal printer EPSON,
- Dot matrix printer EPSON,
- Additional display in plastic casing for PUE C/31- **WD- 4/1** (accessible with balance as complete set only),
- Additional display in stainless metal housing for PUE C/31H, PUE C/31H/Z - WD- 4/3 (accessible with balance as complete set only),
- Large size display (2") for PUE C/31H, PUE C/31H/Z WWG-2,
- Current loop in plastic casing for PUE C/31 AP2-1,
- Current loop in metal housing PUE C/31H, PUE C/31H/Z **AP2-3** (accessible with balance as complete set only),
- RS232 / RS485 converter for PUE C/31 KR-01,
- RS232 / Ethernet converter for PUE C/31 KR-04,
- Handle for measuring indicator in plastic version,
- A rack for PUE C/31, PUE C/31H or PUE C/31H/Z indicator,
- Anti-dust case for Epson printer,
- Inroads for low profile scales.

## Computer programs:

- "EDYTOR WAG" computer program,
- "RAD-KEY" computer program,
- "PW-WIN" computer program.



